

2013 Rule Changes

Section I, B, 1, (b), i; add: (NEW)

i. All bull riding permit applicants must also submit a resume to be reviewed by the bull riding representative and the Rodeo Administrator.

Section I, B, 5; revise:

5. Former members who have not paid dues during the last three (3) dues-paying years may be issued permits **or a semi pro membership**, provided they are in good standing with the Association at the time they apply. ~~for a permit.~~

Section I, B, 6; revise:

6. The annual dues and fees payable in 2013 by a steer rider permit holder are: two hundred and nineteen dollars and thirty cents (\$219.30) plus GST where applicable. This amount includes: annual dues, subscription to the Canadian Rodeo News; a Sports Medicine fee; personal accident and disability insurance (Class 2); and, an Assurance Fund charge. To qualify, applicant must be eleven (11) years of age as of January 1, 2012, and under ~~fourteen~~ **fifteen (15)** years of age as of December 31, 2012. To be valid, application must be in writing and must be signed by both parents (if living) or all of their guardians. Also required is a copy of the birth certificate, before card will be issued.

Section I, C, 5; Remove:

~~5. Non-contestant members and non-contestant permit holders will not be entitled to contest in any Association approved events.~~

Section I, C, 13; revise:

13. Bullfighters who do not hold a PRCA card must fill the following qualifications: For a bullfighter to obtain a card to fight bulls at Association rodeos, they must fight bulls on a permit at six (6) Association approved rodeos with a qualified Association bullfighter card holder who has been hired to fight bulls at the rodeo(s) in question, and be approved by the Association Board; or have the Association bull riding representative, an Association stock contractor and an Association bullfighter **in good standing** with a valid Association card sign their application.

Section II, A, 5 (c); revise:

(c) non-payment of ~~entrance~~ **entry** fees

Section II, A, 6; revise:

6. A contestant wishing to compete at an Association approved rodeo must ~~hold~~ **purchase** a current, valid membership or permit ~~by no later than~~ **prior to** two (2) full CPRA office business days ~~prior to~~ **before** the date entries open, or the entry will not be accepted for the said rodeo. The membership due dates will be published with the rodeo approval in *Canadian Rodeo News*.

Example: If entries for a rodeo open Monday at 8am, all memberships must be bought Wednesday before closing time of the CPRA Office.

Section II, A, 5 (k); revise:

(k) No member of the CPRA shall bring legal suit against the association. ~~or any of its members.~~ If a lawsuit is filed by a member against the association or any of its members **for a C.P.R.A. incident they will** ~~may be immediately~~ suspended ~~and all member rights revoked until completion of the lawsuit.~~ **at the discretion of the Board of Directors.** The member can apply to the CPRA Board of Directors for reinstatement upon completion of the lawsuit, the reinstatement fee is two thousand dollars (\$2,000). The Board of Directors is under no obligation to reinstate the member and may require the said member to post a bond not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). If the member at any time after reinstatement breaks any of the above rules, the bond will be forfeited and the member disciplined by the Board of Directors.

Section II, A, 9; revise:

9. Contestants may not talk to a judge or timer in ~~any way~~ **a derogatory manor** while ~~an event~~ **the rodeo** is going on. Such questions may be addressed to the judge or timer only at the end of the section for that performance. Any member violating this regulation will be reported to the Association by the judge of the rodeo where the violation occurs. Violators are subject to an automatic one hundred dollar (\$100) fine.

Section II, B, 2 (c); revise:

(c) If the contestant does not advise either the CRES office or the local arena secretary, three (3) hours prior to their scheduled performance, that he will be turning out the fine shall be a ~~seventy five dollars (\$75)~~ **one hundred dollars**

(\$100) non-notified turn out fine (in addition to the entry fees, including CRES and associated fees).

Section II, D. 2; remove:

2. Any member of the Association competing, working, or performing with anyone on the suspended list may be fined, suspended, or both.

Section III, A, 6, (a); revise to read:

- (a) First year rodeos must have the funds or a letter of credit for the total amount of the prize money, approval fees and judges costs in the Association office sixty (60) ninety (90) days prior to the event.

Section III, A. 27 (a); revise:

- (a) ~~Committee/stock contractor must submit to CRES the order of slack with the approval form. Each event must be either completed or one run on the cattle completed before going on to the next event. Major/major optional events must be finished before the minor events start.~~ At all C.P.R.A. approved rodeos the suggested slack order is as follows: tie down roping, steer wrestling, team roping and ladies barrel racing. Each event must either be completed or have one run on the cattle completed before going on to the next event. If a roughstock slack is required, the events will run either before or after the timed events are completed. Once a rodeo has been approved, the slack order cannot change within thirty (30) days of the entry date.

Section III, A. 32; revise:

32. ~~Timed event boxes must be closed in with corners squared and must be lined with box pads that are a minimum of four (4) feet high and six (6) feet long.~~ In order to protect the contestant's horse, the back and the side opposite the timed event chute of timed event boxes shall be lined from a minimum of four inches (4") under ground level (unless properly supported by other means) up to a minimum of three feet (3') high with a solid panel (no less than three quarter inches (3/4") thick plywood). Box pads are likewise required for each timed event box. Failure to do so shall result in a fine to the rodeo committee of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250).

Section III, B. 3; remove:

3. ~~The Association will negotiate with rodeo circuits before approving new rodeos and date changes of established rodeos within the circuit area~~

Section III, B. 4; revise:

4. Rodeos may exclude Association permit holders in any or all events if so stated on their prize list form when it is submitted to the Association for approval; otherwise, the Association honors permit holders at all Association approved rodeos. Two or more performance rodeos adding three thousand ninety-nine dollars (\$3,099) or less per event must accept permits in all events. Rodeos with three thousand and one dollars (\$3,001) one hundred dollars (\$3,100) to four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per event must accept permits maximum in all events. Rodeo's adding four thousand dollars (\$4,000) or more have the option of not accepting permits, or they may stipulate any of the above parameters.

Section III, B. 11 (a); revise:

- (a) Approval fees for special events shall be ten percent (10%) fifteen percent (15%) of the added prize money.

Section IV A 4; revise

4. The rodeo committee or stock contractor, depending upon which provides the arena secretary, will be responsible for the secretary's mistakes or discrepancies in the pay-off or in the handling of entry fees as well as the end of rodeo reports. in the event the secretary does not make the proper adjustment, provided that all contestants shall be liable to refund any overpayments, or be subject to a fine, suspension or other discipline. The party responsible for providing the rodeo secretary will be subject to a fine of fifty dollar (\$50) in the event that there are mistakes made.

Section IV, C. 2; revise:

2. Secretaries shall fax the judges' cards, infraction sheets, rodeo personnel form and unofficial results of the rodeo/special event, and the names of those contestants who competed and didn't pay their entry fees immediately following the completion of the rodeo or special event. Failure to comply will result in a one hundred (\$100) fine to the rodeo secretary.

Section IV, D. 5 (a), i, ii; revise:

- (a) ~~At the time a contestant doctor releases, they must indicate whether the mandatory ineligibility period shall last ten (10) days or thirty (30) days. Ineligibility period shall begin upon notification to the CRES office of the intended doctor~~

~~release and shall continue through the period ten (10) or thirty (30) days following the first scheduled competition of the rodeo or rodeo's for which the contestant doctor releases. A contestant may extend their ten (10) or thirty (30) day doctor release by four (4) days. Contestants must notify the CRES office of the extension before the expiry of their current ineligibility period. During a rodeo year, a contestant may designate that an ineligibility period shall last ten (10) days no more than twice, and a four (4) day extension no more than twice. Once a contestant has designated a ten (10) day ineligibility period twice in a given rodeo year, all subsequent ineligibility periods shall automatically last thirty (30) days.~~

~~i. Example:~~

~~1. _____ ten (10) day doctor release + four (4) day extension~~

~~2. _____ thirty (30) day doctor release + four (4) day extension~~

~~Both four (4) day extension's and only one (1) ten (10) day doctor release has been used.~~

~~ii. Any rodeos that fall within the ineligibility period will automatically be included in the release.~~

Contestant Doctor Releases:

- i. Ten (10) or thirty (30) day doctor release ineligibility period
- ii. Contestant is allowed no more than two (2) ten (10) day doctor releases and unlimited thirty (30) day doctor releases in one rodeo season. Once the contestant has used his/her two (2) ten (10) day doctor releases the ineligibility period will automatically be for thirty (30) days
- iii. A contestant may extend their original ten (10) or thirty (30) day doctor release by four (4) days. Notification of this extension must fall within the original doctor releases ineligibility period. Contestant can only use a four (4) day extension no more than twice (2) in one rodeo season
- iv. The doctor release ineligibility period will begin on the first rodeo performance or slack the contestant is scheduled to perform in. Any rodeos that fall within the ineligibility period will automatically be included in the release
- v. Notification must be given as outlined in section IV, rule D5. If contestant fails to notify CRES or rodeo secretary, as outline in section IV, rule D5, the contestant will be considered a non-notified doctor release and will be required to pay entry fees, including CRES and associated fees and a non-notified turn out fine of one hundred (\$100) dollars for the rodeo in question
- vi. Contestant must submit a doctor's note to the Association office within ten (10) days from the last performance of the rodeo(s) in question. If failure to submit doctors release within timeframe please refer to section IV, rule D 5(d).
- vii. If contestant fails to designate doctor release ineligibility period, a ten (10) day doctor release will automatically be given, unless contestant has used his/her two (2) ten (10) day doctor releases, then it will automatically be a thirty (30) day doctor release
- viii. It is the contestants' responsibility to keep track of the number of releases used throughout the rodeo season

Section IV, D. 5 (b); revise:

~~(b) At the time a ladies barrel racer vet releases, she must indicate whether the mandatory ineligibility period shall last five (5) or thirty (30) days. A ladies barrel racer may not compete at another rodeo for ten (10) or thirty (30) clear days for a doctor's release or five (5) or thirty (30) clear days for a vet release. Only three (3) five (5) day veterinarian and/or ten (10) day doctor releases can be submitted in one (1) year. Once a contestant has designated five (5) day ineligibility three (3) times in a given rodeo year, all subsequent ineligibility periods shall automatically last thirty (30) days. Contestant may also turn out on a visible injury release. Refer to Association rules for information regarding turning out, doctor release, visible injury release, etc.~~

Contestant Vet Releases:

- i. A vet release can only be used by a Ladies Barrel Racing Contestant
- ii. Five (5) or thirty (30) day vet release ineligibility period
- iii. Contestant is allowed no more than three (3) five (5) day vet releases and unlimited thirty (30) day vet release in one rodeo season. Once the contestant has used her three (3) five (5) day vet releases the ineligibility period will automatically be for thirty (30) days
- iv. The vet release ineligibility period will begin on the first rodeo performance or slack the contestant is scheduled to perform in. Any rodeos that fall within the ineligibility period will automatically be included in the release
- v. Notification must be given as outlined in section IV, rule D5. If contestant fails to notify CRES or rodeo secretary, as outline in section IV, rule D5, the contestant will be considered a non-notified vet release

- and will be required to pay entry fees , including CRES and associated fees and a non-notified turn out fine of one hundred (\$100) dollars for the rodeo in question
- vi. Contestant must submit a Vet note to the Association office within ten (10) days from the last performance of the rodeo(s) in question. If failure to submit vet release within timeframe please refer to section IV, rule D 5(d).
 - vii. If contestant fails to designate vet release ineligibility period, a five (5) day vet release will automatically be given, unless contestant has used his/her three (3) five (5) day vet releases, then it will automatically be a thirty (30) day vet release
 - viii. It is the contestants responsibility to keep track of the releases used

Section IV, D. 5 (f); revise:

- (f) It is the responsibility of the contestant to have the doctor or visible injury release in the Association office in the required time frame. ~~If Releases can be sent by FAX (403-945-0936), or sent with the secretaries rodeo package. original must also be received immediately by the Association office.~~

Section IV, F. 1. (n); add:

- (n) Rodeos co-sanctioned with the WPRA shall have an additional three percent (3%) deducted from the entry fees and purse in the ladies barrel racing

Section IV, G. 1 (a); revise:

- (a) An administration fee of ~~three percent (3%)~~ **six percent (6%)** will be deducted from the entry fees and purse.

Section IV, G. 2 (a); add:

- (a) When there is a go round, aggregate and a short go, the go round and aggregate shall be paid to the same number of positions qualified for the short round.

Example: If the short round takes 12, the long go and aggregate will pay to 12 places regardless of the total amount.

Section IV, G. 2 (b); revise: (formerly point a)

- (a) When the net money, after deducting the ~~three percent (3%)~~ **six percent (6%)** in a go-round or aggregate, is one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less, four (4) monies shall be paid to be split as follows: forty percent (40%), thirty percent (30%), twenty percent (20%) and ten percent (10%).

Section V, A. 6; add: former points move down

- 6. Multi-event contestants have the option to enter with a split on events. Only one event can be split off per contestant. If a contestant enters multiple events and does not split off any, all events are guaranteed to be drawn on the same day, but not necessarily the same performance.

Section V, B. 1 (a), (b), (b) i; revise:

- (a) Each rodeo shall have the option of accepting permits maximum in any or all events provided this is indicated on the application for rodeo approval. Two or more performance rodeos adding three thousand **ninety nine** dollars (\$3,099) or less per event must accept permits in the major events.
- (b) Each rodeo shall have the option of accepting permits maximum in any or all events provided this is indicated on the application for rodeo approval. Two or more performance rodeos adding more than three thousand ~~and one~~ **one hundred** dollars (\$3,100) per event can accept permits in the major events. The following provisions shall apply:
 - i. Rodeo may stipulate the following parameters, (open, maximum, ~~regional, maximum-regional~~). When a maximum number is stipulated by the rodeo committee, a minimum of two (2) permits must be taken for each paid performance offered. A random draw for these positions will be made by CRES if permits maximum is exercised by the stock contractor and/or committee.

Section VI, A. 1 (b) i.; add:

- i. All timed event stock contractors supplying stock to Association approved rodeos must be a member in good standing and either have a stock contractors' card and/or timed event stock contractors permit, or be a regular member in good standing.

Section VI, A. 3 (b); revise:

- (b) A new stock contractor must produce two (2) or more new Association rodeos with a minimum total added purse of ~~sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000)~~ as per the C.P.R.A. rulebook in the six (6) major events and be maintained for three (3) years on a permit. These productions would be reviewed, and a card may be issued at the discretion of the Association Board of Directors. Upon issue of a CPRA stock contractor card the new stock contractor company must keep the two (2) new rodeos for the first (1st) year of full membership.

Section VI, A. 3 (b) iii, iv, v; revise:

- iv. new stock contractor may have stock at the CFR ~~at the end of~~ during their third (3rd) year, provided they have maintained the two (2) rodeos (does not include special events) and ~~sixty thousand dollar (\$60,000)~~ C.P.R.A. purse requirement, but must pay the stock contractor initiation fee and purchase their full card prior to CFR
- v. a new stock contractor may be kept on probation at the discretion of the Board ~~if they are under the minimum two (2) rodeos and sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) purse~~

Section VI, B. 1 (a); revise:

- (a) All animals in the riding events must have a registered ~~hide~~ brand of a stock contractor who has submitted their stock list for that rodeo. Not complying with the above will result in a two hundred and fifty dollar (\$250) fine per head.

Section VII, B 2; revise:

- 2. The matter of rerides shall be totally at the discretion of the judges; however, a reride ~~must~~ may be awarded in the following situations:

Section VII B. 2 (g); add:

- (g) If a rider makes two (2) honest attempts to get on a chute-fighting animal and is unable to do so a reride may be awarded. If a contestant makes a third (3rd) attempt, that is the contestants animal. No further rerides will be offered.

Section VII, B. 6; remove:

- ~~6. A contestant can not ask for a reride.~~

Section VII, E, 7; remove:

- ~~7. There will be no tape or any other adhesive material or substance other than dry rosin used on riggings or rider's glove. Benzoin may be used.~~

Section VII, H, 3; remove:

- ~~3. Permit holders must be sixteen (16) years of age as of January 1, 2012, and under twenty one (21) years of age as of December 31, 2011 to compete in the Novice Bull Riding.~~

Section VIII, B. 4 (h); add:

- (h) The barrier shall be set at three (3) under for outdoor rodeos and at four (4) under at indoor rodeos unless otherwise approved by an event representative.

Section VIII, D. 6 (a); add:

- (a) Both judges must be in agreement that the contestant mishandled his rope and jerked the animal down; the animal must land at 10-2.

Section VIII, D, 10: add: (NEW)

- 10. Rodeo committees have the option of supplying 1/3 (+ 4 spares) the amount of cattle as contestants up to and including the May long weekend. After the May long weekend they must use at least 1/2 enough. Cattle must be either all beef or all longhorn (cross breeds are beef). No mixed pens.

Section IX, B, 10; revise:

~~10. Horses shall not be worked around official pattern with or without barrels. Barrels shall be set no less than fifteen (15) feet off markers. Working a horse will result in a five hundred dollar (\$500) fine.~~ **Once the barrel markers have been set, no practicing on or around the markers are allowed with or without barrels. Practice barrels must be set a minimum of fifteen (15) feet off the markers. Working a horse on or around the markers will result in a five hundred dollar (\$500) fine.**

Section IX, B, 11 (a); revise:

(a) If the gate is centrally located, the contestant must keep a forward motion at a pace faster than a walk toward the first barrel. ~~and a forward motion when leaving the arena.~~ If it is a side or corner gate, a spin or pivot is acceptable in either direction **unless posted in the rodeo ground rules and posted on the rodeo office wall with the event draw.** Failure to do so will result in a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine.

Section IX, B, 16; remove:

~~16. Once the barrel markers have been placed, no practicing is allowed on the course marked. Contestants will be disqualified if this rule is not adhered to. For the purpose of practicing, barrels must be placed at least fifteen feet (15') away from the marker.~~

Section X, A, 6; revise:

6. If the heeler/**header** ropes a front foot or feet in the heel **or head** loop, this is a foul catch. Neither contestant may remove the front foot or feet from the loop by hand. However, should the front foot or feet come out of the heel **or head** loop by the time the field judge drops their flag, the time will be official.

Section XI, A, 3. (a); add: – Former points move down

(a) **All qualifiers in the Ladies Barrel Racing for the CFR must have competed at no less than eighteen (18) regular season CPRA rodeos during the current season.**